

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please add new claims 23 and 24.

23. (New) An in-plane switching mode liquid crystal display device comprising:
- first and second substrates;
 - a plurality of gate and data bus lines defining pixel regions and arranged on said first substrate;
 - a common line in said pixel regions;
 - a data electrode and a common electrode parallel to each other applying plane electric fields in said pixel regions;
 - a liquid crystal layer between said first and second substrates;
 - a plurality of thin film transistors adjacent respective cross points of said gate and data bus lines, each of said plurality of thin film transistors including a gate electrode, a gate insulator, a semiconductor layer, and source and drain electrodes;
 - a passivation layer on said plurality of thin film transistors;
 - a first alignment layer on said passivation layer, said first alignment layer comprising one of polyamide, polyimide, SiO₂, polyvinylalcohol, polyamic acid, and photosensitive material;
 - a black matrix for preventing light from leaking around said plurality of thin film transistors, said gate bus line, and said data bus line;
 - a color filter layer on said second substrate;
 - a second alignment layer on said color filter layer, said second alignment layer comprising one of polyamide, polyimide, SiO₂, polyvinylalcohol, polyamic acid, and photosensitive material, said photosensitive material being selected from the group consisting of polyvinylcinnamate, polysiloxanecinnamate and cellulosecinnamate; and
- wherein $d\Delta n$ is in the range of 0.29-0.36 μm , where d is the thickness of said liquid crystal

layer, and Δn is the refractive anisotropy of the liquid crystal molecule.

24. (New) A method of making an in-plane switching mode liquid crystal display device having first and second substrates, the method comprising the steps of:

forming a plurality of gate and data bus lines defining pixel regions and arranged on the first substrate;

forming a common line in the pixel regions;

forming a data electrode and a common electrode parallel to each other applying plane electric fields in the pixel regions;

forming a liquid crystal layer between the first and second substrates;

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forming a plurality of thin film transistors adjacent respective cross points of said gate and data bus lines, each of the plurality of thin film transistors including a gate electrode, a gate insulator, a semiconductor layer, and source and drain electrodes;

forming a passivation layer on said plurality of thin film transistors;

forming a first alignment layer on said passivation layer, said first alignment layer comprising one of polyamide, polyimide, SiO_2 , polyvinylalcohol, polyamic acid, and photosensitive material;

forming a black matrix for preventing light from leaking around said plurality of thin film transistors, said gate bus line, and said data bus line;

a color filter layer on said second substrate;

a second alignment layer on said color filter layer, said second alignment layer comprising one of polyamide, polyimide, polyvinylalcohol, polyamic acid, and photosensitive material, said photosensitive material being selected from the group consisting of polyvinylcinnamate, polysiloxanecinnamate and cellulosecinnamate; and